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d, c	$1_{1} \mathbf{a}_{1}$		F	∎ j	} (•t a •	(1				

۱.	$E_{\rm F}$	=	VBM + Z	$\Delta E_{\rm F},$	$\Delta E_{\rm F}$ d	,		F	• k = k	
	IC C	t c	ba d	a (0 <	$\Delta E_{\rm F} < E$).	•			
	S c		(, di) a	a ,	c , a.c	: (_↓) • a		с _} ,
c	•	ą,		•	• • t	d •	∎ą	t · ac	ą,	[56]



Figure 1. T de c i a ic_{7} ia_{7} $V_{Ga} a d V_{A} b a_{7} c_{1} c_{1} c_{2} c_{3} c_{4} a a a a c V_{A}^{3+} a d d c - c c_{1} c c_{1} c_{2} c_{3} a d a b 4 a c_{1} c_{1} c_{2} c_{3} c_{3} c_{1} c_{2} c_{3} c_{3}$

$$\Delta E_{I}^{3} = \frac{2}{3\varepsilon L^{3}},\tag{6}$$

$$Q = \int d^3 (\mathbf{r})^2$$
(7)

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{t} \\ \mathbf{$



Figure 2. T as $\Delta H = V_A^{3+} d = c$ GaA, $(E_F = E_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a$ a t $2 a = GaA_t + c_{\frac{1}{2}} d = d$ $1/L = -1/3 = (e_F - c_{\frac{1}{2}} - e_F) d = d$ $0 = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ c \ di ,) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ di) a = (e_F - e_V, A_F - ic \ di) a = (e_F - e_$



Figure 3. Sc $a_{i}c_{ij}$, a_{i} a_{i} c_{jj} (), a_{i} (), $d_{i}c_{ij}$ (), a_{i} (), $d_{i}c_{ij}$

 $\mathbf{I} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{i} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{q} \mathbf{d} \mathbf{c}, \mathbf{t} \mathbf{c} \mathbf{y}, (\mathbf{z} \mathbf{t} \mathbf{3}):$

$$\Delta E_{\bullet} = -\int d^{-3}(\mathbf{r} + \Delta_{\bullet}(\mathbf{r}) + \Delta_{\mathbf{D}}(\mathbf{r})) \int d^{-3} \frac{\Delta_{\bullet}(\mathbf{r}) + \Delta_{\mathbf{D}}(\mathbf{r})}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}|}.$$
(8)

U d a a a a a t c_{jj} , a_{j} a a a t c_{jj} , a_{j} a a a t c_{jj} , a_{j} a a a t a_{j} b c c_{jj} , c_{jj} ,

 ΔE_{I}



Figure 4. For z_1 , can ΔH V_O^{2+} d c Z O ($E_F = E_V$, O-C) GGA, cactive d is a d inclusion (dea d i) a d inclusion (o c is a constrained of the distribution of the distrebutical distrebutical distributical dis

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I	ŀ	- er (c dı, cı	cc,a	$\varepsilon = \varepsilon_0$, a	•a ,	• , d	a	' †•	c_{jj}
d	, •	· · , 50	,	c a c	1 •	C I	, C I	į ·		t -	
	U, I	72, 192 :	a d 576 a	1 + •	C _{ll}	, •	₁a ∎c	, ,	•	7, 4	L .
7.	7 1	, cą •	$V_{\rm O}^{2+}$ • Z	0, ''	.,	•, , `a, a	ι΄ d∎	c b		$\dot{\varepsilon}_0$ a	dε
a	. , .	., ∎ GaĄ,	. W d	•	ε =	5.0	a cą c _t	aı ı	a	• d• c	cąį

A d c b NLEPa dLDA+U, a a - c b d NLEP a, d d a d \downarrow \downarrow c \downarrow c ac W a LDA + U, d d a (c d) Ha F c \downarrow c ac [61,62], NLEP a a da, \downarrow a a, S c, ac b \downarrow c a d a a a a, c a d \downarrow c c d a a \downarrow c a d a \downarrow c a d

 $M d_{jj} \bullet S \bullet_{t^{j}} Ma \cdot S \bullet E \cdot 17$